

Forton's Fundamental Facts – History



Topic – Civilisations - Farming in Ancient Egypt

Spring 1 and 2 – Clougha (Year 3 & 4)

Enquiry Questions:-

Chronological Context:-

Key Vocabulary

How did the Ancient Egyptians become great farmers?

Why was the River Nile so important?

Stone Age – 15 000 BC – 3000 BC

Bronze Age – 3000 BC – 800 BC

Ancient Egypt – 3100 BC – 30 BC

Civilisation

A large group of people who share certain advanced ways of living and working. They speak their own language.

Agriculture

Agriculture means farming. It includes both growing and harvesting crops and raising animals or livestock. Agriculture provides the food and many raw materials that humans need to survive.

Irrigation

Irrigation is the process of watering the ground, or when water is taken from one place and sent to where it is needed.

The River Nile

Egyptian Farming Seasons

Shaduf

A hand-operated machine used to transport water from a lower level to a higher one. It was used by Egyptians to help water crops.

Akhet

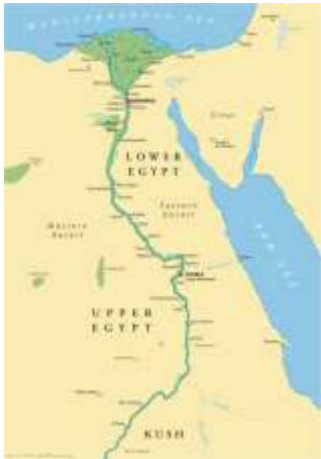
The season of the year when the Nile river flooded covering the floodplains next to the river.

Peret

The second season of the year, the season of emergence. The soil next to the river was damp making the soil nutrients rich to grow crops.

Shemu

The last of the three seasons of the year. It is the driest season when the Nile is at its lowest. This is when crops are harvested.



Egyptian Farming



